

Patricia L. Peden, Esq. (SBN 206440)  
ppeden@bwsllaw.com  
BURKE, WILLIAMS & SORESENSEN, LLP  
1901 Harrison Street, Suite 900  
Oakland, CA 94612  
Phone: (510) 273.8780  
Fax: (510) 839.9104

Christopher J. Lee (*pro hac vice*)  
clee@leesheikh.com

David J. Sheikh (*pro hac vice*)  
dsheikh@leesheikh.com

Brian E. Haan (*pro hac vice*)  
bhaan@leesheikh.com

Ashley E. LaValley (*pro hac vice*)  
alavalley@leesheikh.com

Dragan Gjorgiev (*pro hac vice*)  
dgjorgiev@leesheikh.com

James D. Mitchell (*pro hac vice*)  
jtmitchell@leesheikh.com

LEE SHEIKH & HAAN LLC  
111 West Jackson Boulevard, Suite 2230  
Chicago, IL 60604  
Phone: (312) 982-0070  
Fax: (312) 982-0071

Attorneys for Plaintiff  
*MPH TECHNOLOGIES OY*

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**  
**FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**  
**SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION**

MPH TECHNOLOGIES OY,

Plaintiff,

v.

APPLE INC.,

Defendant.

CASE NO. 3:18-cv-05935-TLT

**PLAINTIFF MPH TECHNOLOGIES OY'S  
RE-NOTICE OF MOTION AND  
UNOPPOSED MOTION TO LIFT STAY**

Date: April 25, 2023  
Time: 2:00 p.m.  
Place: San Francisco Courthouse,  
Courtroom 9  
Judge: Hon. Trina L. Thompson

1 **RE-NOTICE OF MOTION AND UNOPPOSED MOTION**

2 TO ALL PARTIES AND THEIR ATTORNEYS OF RECORD:

3 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that, should the Court hold a hearing on this unopposed motion,  
4 on April 25, 2023, at 2:00 p.m., or as soon thereafter as the matter may be heard, in the courtroom  
5 of the Honorable Trina L. Thompson at the United States District Court for the Northern District  
6 of California, San Francisco Division, located at 450 Golden Gate Avenue, San Francisco, CA  
7 94102, MPH Technologies OY (“MPH”) will and hereby does move the Court to lift the stay of  
8 this action as set forth in this Court’s Order of April 26, 2019 (Dkt. No. 49).

9 Lifting of the stay is warranted because all of the *inter partes* reviews (“IPR”) that were  
10 the original basis for the stay have now been fully resolved, with the exception of the IPR of one  
11 patent that MPH has now dismissed from this lawsuit in the interest of proceeding with this  
12 litigation expeditiously. (Dkt. No. 65.) In connection with MPH’s dismissal of that patent from  
13 this lawsuit, Defendant Apple Inc. (“Apple”) has agreed not to oppose this motion. (Dkt. No. 63  
14 at 3 (“Apple does not oppose MPH’s motion [to lift the stay].”).)

15 This motion is based on this re-notice of motion and motion; the supporting memorandum  
16 of points and authorities; the accompanying Declaration of Ashley E. LaValley in Support of this  
17 Unopposed Motion (“LaValley Decl.”); all pleadings, papers, and records on file in this action;  
18 and such additional evidence and arguments as may hereinafter be presented.

19 **MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES**

20 **I. INTRODUCTION**

21 MPH respectfully requests that the Court lift the stay of this case. In Spring 2019, the Court  
22 granted Apple’s unopposed motion for a stay based on then-pending petitions for *inter partes*  
23 review (“IPR”) filed by Apple directed to the eight patents originally asserted in this case. This  
24 Court stayed this action pending IPR because of the possibility that review by the Patent Trial and  
25 Appeal Board (“PTAB”) concerning those eight patents-in-suit would simplify the issues in the  
26 litigation, reduce the burden of litigation on the parties and the Court, and/or eliminate the need  
27 for trial entirely if the challenged patents were invalidated. The circumstances have now changed,  
28 and none of those goals is served by further delay of proceedings.

1 After four years of proceedings before the PTAB and the Federal Circuit, the IPRs for  
2 seven of the eight patents initially asserted in this litigation have now been fully and finally  
3 resolved. Only three claims (claims 4-6) of U.S. Patent No. 7,620,810 (the “’810 patent”) are  
4 subject to further consideration by the PTAB following a vacatur and remand by the Federal  
5 Circuit, and after MPH disclaimed certain claims of the ’810 patent and U.S. Patent No. 7,937,581  
6 (the “’581 patent”) that were also remanded to the PTAB. To proceed with this litigation before  
7 the Court without further delays, MPH has dismissed its claims of infringement of the ’810 patent  
8 from this lawsuit with prejudice, and Apple has dismissed its corresponding counterclaims. (Dkt.  
9 No. 65.) Thus, all events giving rise to the stay and having any further effect on this proceeding  
10 have been resolved completely. This case is ready to resume, and there is no reason for further  
11 delay.

12 Accordingly, MPH requests that the Court lift the stay and set a status conference to discuss  
13 the remaining schedule in this case. Pursuant to an agreement of the parties to dismiss all claims  
14 and counterclaims involving the ’810 patent, Apple has also agreed to not oppose a motion to lift  
15 the stay. (Dkt. No. 63 at 3 (“Apple does not oppose MPH’s motion [to lift the stay].”).)

## 16 **II. STATEMENT OF FACTS**

17 On September 27, 2018, MPH filed its complaint against Apple in this Court. (Dkt. No. 1).  
18 MPH’s Complaint alleged that Apple infringed and continues to infringe eight of MPH’s patents,  
19 the ’810 patent, the ’581 patent, and US. Patent Nos. 8,346,949 (“the ’949 patent”), 9,762,397 (the  
20 “’397 patent”), U.S. Patent No. 8,037,302 (the “’302 patent”), U.S. Patent No. 9,712,494 (the  
21 “’494 patent”), U.S. Patent No. 9,712,502 (the “’502 patent”), and U.S. Patent No 9,838,362 (the  
22 “’362 patent”) (collectively, the “Asserted Patents”). Apple filed its Answer and Counterclaims on  
23 November 26, 2018. (Dkt. No. 38.) MPH filed an Answer to Apple’s counterclaims on December  
24 17, 2018. (Dkt. No. 40.) The parties filed a Joint Case Management Statement on January 3, 2019  
25 that notified the Court of the parties’ agreed scheduling proposal in view of Apple’s plan to file  
26 IPR petitions. (Dkt. No. 45 at 8-9.)

27 Between March 27, 2019, and March 29, 2019, Apple filed eight IPR petitions arguing that  
28 each of the asserted claims of the Asserted Patents are invalid. On March 29, 2019, Apple moved

1 the Court to stay proceedings in this action pending *inter partes* review. (Dkt. No. 48.) MPH did  
2 not oppose Apple's motion. On April 26, 2019, the Court entered an order granting Apple's motion  
3 to stay. (Dkt. No. 49.)

4 The PTAB denied institution for the requested IPRs of two of the Asserted Patents, the  
5 '949 patent and the '397 patent. *See* LaValley Decl. at ¶¶2-3, Exs. A and B (Orders denying  
6 Institution). For the six remaining Asserted Patents, the PTAB instituted IPRs and rendered Final  
7 Written Decisions upholding the patentability of the claims of each of the patents in whole or in  
8 part. *See* LaValley Decl. at ¶¶4-9, Exs. C-H (Final Written Decisions).

9 Following appeals by Apple, the Federal Circuit affirmed the PTAB's patentability  
10 determinations for the claims of four patents, namely, the '302 patent, '494 patent, '502 patent,  
11 and '362 patent. *See Apple Inc. v. MPH Techs. Oy*, 28 F.4th 254 (Fed. Cir. 2022) (affirming  
12 PTAB's final written decisions on '494 patent, '502 patent, and '362 patent) (attached as LaValley  
13 Decl., Ex. I); *Apple Inc. v. MPH Techs. Oy*, No. 2021-1387, 2022 WL 215129 (Fed. Cir. Jan. 25,  
14 2022) (affirming PTAB's final written decision on '302 Patent) (attached as LaValley Decl., Ex.  
15 J).

16 As to the remaining two Asserted Patents, the Federal Circuit affirmed the PTAB's finding  
17 that Apple failed to meet its burden of proving invalidity of claims 6-8 of the '581 patent, but  
18 vacated and remanded the PTAB's patentability findings as to claim 4 of the '581 patent and claims  
19 1-6 of the '810 patent based on what it determined was an "erroneous claim construction" of a  
20 claim term. *See Apple Inc. v. MPH Techs. Oy*, Nos. 2021-1355, 2021-1356, 2022 WL 4103286, at  
21 \*8 (Fed. Cir. Sept. 8, 2022) (attached as LaValley Decl., Ex. K).

22 Following the Federal Circuit's decision on the '581 and '810 patents, in the interest of  
23 narrowing the remaining issues before the PTAB, MPH disclaimed claim 4 of the '581 patent and  
24 claims 1-3 of the '810 patent, leaving only the validity of claims 4-6 of the '810 patent pending on  
25 remand before the PTAB. *See* LaValley Decl. at ¶¶13-14, Exs. L & M. In connection with Apple's  
26 agreement not to oppose this motion to lift the stay (*see* Dkt. No. 63 at 3), and in the interest of  
27 finally moving this case forward more than four years after the filing of the complaint, the parties  
28 entered a joint stipulation dismissing all claims and counterclaims involving the '810 patent in this

1 action, which was entered by the Court on January 11, 2023. (Dkt. Nos. 64-65.) Therefore, all IPR  
 2 proceedings and related appeals as to the remaining asserted claims in this litigation have been  
 3 exhausted, the stay should be lifted, and the case should resume.

### 4 **III. LEGAL STANDARD**

5 “A court may lift a stay if the circumstances supporting the stay have changed such that  
 6 the stay is no longer appropriate.” *Murata Mach. USA v. Daifuku Co.*, 830 F.3d 1357, 1361 (Fed.  
 7 Cir. 2016). The standard for determining whether an existing stay should remain in place is the  
 8 same as the standard for determining whether a court should impose a stay in the first place. *Oyster*  
 9 *Optics, LLC v. Ciena Corp.*, No. 17-cv-5920-JSW, 2019 WL 4729468, at \*2 (N.D. Cal. Sept. 23,  
 10 2019) (citing *Smart Modular Techs., Inc. v. Netlist, Inc.*, No. 12-cv-2319, 2016 WL 5159524, at  
 11 \*2 (E.D. Cal. Sept. 21, 2016)).

12 “District courts have broad discretion to stay judicial proceedings pending the conclusion  
 13 of *inter partes* review.” *Juno Therapeutics, Inc. v. Kite Pharma*, No. 17-cv-07639, 2018 WL  
 14 1470594, at \*6 (C.D. Cal. Mar 8, 2018); *see also Ethicon, Inc. v. Quigg*, 849 F.2d 1422, 1426–27  
 15 (Fed. Cir. 1988) (the court has the “inherent power” to manage its own docket, and decisions  
 16 regarding stays are within the court’s discretion). However, “[t]he proponent of a stay bears the  
 17 burden of establishing its need.” *Clinton v. Jones*, 520 U.S. 681, 708 (1997).

18 When deciding whether to establish or lift a stay of the proceedings, the Court considers  
 19 (1) the stage of the litigation, including the status of discovery and whether the matter has been set  
 20 for trial; (2) whether a stay will unduly prejudice or tactically disadvantage the party opposing the  
 21 stay; and (3) whether a stay will simplify the issues in question and streamline the trial. *Oyster*  
 22 *Optics*, 2019 WL 4729468, at \*2 (citing *VirtualAgility, Inc. v. Salesforce.com, Inc.*, 759 F.3d 1307,  
 23 1309 (Fed. Cir. 2014); *In re Cygnus Telecom. Tech., LLC Patent Litig.*, 385 F. Supp. 2d 1022,  
 24 1023 (N.D. Cal. 2005)). “A court may also examine the ‘totality of the circumstances’ to determine  
 25 whether a stay is appropriate. *Id.* (citing *Netlist, Inc. v. Smart Storage Sys, Inc.*, No. 13-cv-5889-  
 26 YGR, 2014 WL 4145412, at \*1 (N.D. Cal. Aug. 21, 2014)).

1 **IV. ARGUMENT**

2 **A. The Litigation Will Remain at an Early Stage Unless the Stay Is Lifted**

3 MPH acknowledges that this case was stayed when it was at an early stage, prior to  
4 discovery and before any trial date had been set. “However, the existence of a stay, on its own,  
5 does not justify its perpetuation: this case would remain frozen in its nascent stage if the Court  
6 continued the stay.” *Oyster Optics*, 2019 WL 4729468, at \*2 (citing *Milwaukee Elec. Tool Corp.*  
7 *v. Hilti, Inc.*, No. 14-cv-1288, 2016 WL 7495808, at \*2 (E.D. Wis. Dec. 30, 2016) (“Yet until the  
8 stay in this case is lifted, there will always be a great deal of discovery remaining.”)). This case,  
9 which has been pending for over four years, cannot advance unless and until the stay is lifted. As  
10 shown below, there is no justification for keeping the stay in place.

11 **B. There Will Be No Further Simplification of Issues from the PTAB on the**  
12 **Asserted Patents Remaining in this Case**

13 As stated above, all IPR proceedings for the patents remaining in this lawsuit have now  
14 concluded, and there will be no further simplification of issues from the PTAB. Out of the initial  
15 eight IPR proceedings, only the IPR of claims 4-6 of the ’810 patent remains pending following  
16 the Federal Circuit’s vacatur and remand. But the parties have now dismissed their respective  
17 claims involving the ’810 patent from this lawsuit. (Dkt. Nos. 64-65.)

18 Although the ’581 patent is a continuation of the ’810 patent, the patentability of claims 6-  
19 8 of the ’581 patent has already been fully tried before the PTAB and affirmed by the Federal  
20 Circuit. *Apple Inc.*, 2022 WL 4103286, at \*\*6-8 (LaValley Decl., Ex. K). Thus, further  
21 simplification of this case is unlikely to be achieved by waiting for the conclusion of the IPR  
22 proceedings for the ’810 patent claims (no longer asserted in this case) or any possible appeals  
23 therefrom.

24 Courts have lifted stays even in cases where the IPR process had not been finally resolved  
25 for *all* of the patents in suit. For example, in *Oyster Optics*, the court lifted a stay where “all  
26 outstanding IPR issues are resolved as to two of the three patents in suit,” despite a pending appeal  
27 from the IPR of the remaining patent, finding that “the case for simplification [was] quite different  
28 than it was when Defendant applied for the stay.” *Oyster Optics*, 2019 WL 4729468, at \*3 (citing

1 *Elm 3DS Innovations, LLC v. Samsung Elecs. Co., Ltd.*, No. 14-cv-1430-LPS-CJB, 2018 WL  
2 1061370, at \*2 (D. Del. Feb. 26, 2018)); *see also Elm 3DS Innovations, LLC*, 2018 WL 1061370,  
3 at \*2 (lifting stay where appeals from IPRs on 11 of the 13 patents-in-suit remained pending). As  
4 recognized by the court in *Oyster Optics*, “this Court can adjust the scope of the litigation  
5 appropriately” even in the unlikely event that the remanded IPR proceedings for the ’810 patent  
6 somehow implicate any issues in this case. *Oyster Optics*, 2019 WL 4729468, at \*3.

7 All outstanding IPR issues have been fully resolved as to the seven remaining patents in  
8 the case. The potential for simplification and judicial economy that was sought by staying these  
9 proceedings pending IPR has been realized.

#### 10 **C. Additional Delay Would Prejudice MPH**

11 The delay inherent to all stays does not, without more, normally constitute sufficient  
12 prejudice on its own. However, in this case, there is no good reason to allow any further delay in  
13 this case when all IPR proceedings for all seven remaining patents-in-suit are now fully resolved  
14 after four years before the PTAB and the Federal Circuit. *Elm 3DS Innovations*, 2018 WL  
15 1061370, at \*2 (“For a Plaintiff who filed this suit over three years ago, and who saw nearly all of  
16 its claims emerge unscathed in the PTAB, [months of further delay] is a long time to be asked to  
17 continue to wait.”). This case is ready to resume.

#### 18 **V. CONCLUSION**

19 For all the foregoing reasons, MPH respectfully asks that the Court grant its unopposed  
20 motion and enter an order lifting the stay on proceedings in this action.  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25  
26  
27  
28

1 Dated: January 18, 2023

Respectfully submitted,

2 /s/ Ashley E. LaValley

---

3 Attorneys for Plaintiff  
4 *MPH TECHNOLOGIES OY*

5 Patricia L. Peden, Esq. (SBN 206440)  
6 ppeden@bwslaw.com  
7 BURKE, WILLIAMS & SORENSEN, LLP  
8 1901 Harrison Street, Suite 900  
9 Oakland, CA 94612  
10 Phone: (510) 273.8780  
11 Fax: (510) 839.9104

12 Christopher J. Lee (*pro hac vice*)  
13 clec@leesheikh.com  
14 David J. Sheikh (*pro hac vice*)  
15 dsheikh@leesheikh.com  
16 Brian E. Haan (*pro hac vice*)  
17 bhaan@leesheikh.com  
18 Ashley E. LaValley (*pro hac vice*)  
19 alavalley@leesheikh.com  
20 Dragan Gjorgiev (*pro hac vice*)  
21 dgjorgiev@leesheikh.com  
22 James D. Mitchell (*pro hac vice*)  
23 jtmitchell@leesheikh.com  
24 LEE SHEIKH & HAAN LLC  
25 111 West Jackson Boulevard, Suite 2230  
26 Chicago, IL 60604  
27 Phone: (312) 982-0070  
28 Fax: (312) 982-0071